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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/723,805 | 0/723,805 11/26/2003 Patrick Hosein | | 4740-230 | 9768 |
| 24112 COATS & BEN | 7590 02/03/200 NETT, PLLC | EXAMINER | | |
| 1400 Crescent (| Green, Suite 300 | ELCENKO, ERIC J | | |
| Cary, NC 27518 | S | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2617 | |
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| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 02/03/2009 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | | Application No. | | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|-------------|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | | 10/723,805 | | HOSEIN ET AL. | | | |
| | | | Examiner | | Art Unit | | | |
| | | | ERIC ELCENI | | 2617 | | | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply | nication appea | ars on the co | ver sheet with the c | orrespondence ad | ddress | | |
| WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN INSIGN SOLUTION IN INSIGN SOLU | MAILING DAT s of 37 CFR 1.136 munication. tatutory period will y will, by statute, ca | TE OF THIS (a). In no event, h apply and will exp ause the application | COMMUNICATION owever, may a reply be timing SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | | |
| 1)[\ | Responsive to communication(s) file | ed on 05 Sen | otember 2008 | ? | | | | |
| · | | 2b)⊠ This a | | = | | | | |
| ′= | | <i>′</i> — | | | secution as to the | e merits is | | |
| ٥/ك | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | | | | |
| · · | | application | | | | | | |
| • | Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | |
| | Claim(s) is/are allowed. | ale William | THOM CONSIC | eration. | | | | |
| | , , | lone rejected | i | | | | | |
| · · | Claim(s) <u>1-4,7-9,14-20,24 and 25</u> is | - | | | | | | |
| · | Claim(s) <u>5-6, 10-13 and 21-23</u> is/ard | - | | | | | | |
| 8)[_] | Claim(s) are subject to restri | ction and/or e | election requ | rement. | | | | |
| Applicati | on Papers | | | | | | | |
| 9) 🗌 🤈 | The specification is objected to by th | ne Examiner. | | | | | | |
| 10) | The drawing(s) filed on is/are | : а) 🗌 ассер | oted or b)□ o | objected to by the E | Examiner. | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any object | ection to the dr | awing(s) be he | eld in abeyance. See | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | |
| | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | | | |
| Priority u | ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | | |
| 2) Notic 3) Inforr | e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Ination Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date | PTO-948) | 4) 5) 6) | Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal P Other: | nte | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1,4, 7, 14-15 and 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corazza (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0133409) in view of Sintonen (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0142768)

In regard to method Claim 1 and corresponding apparatus Claim 14, Corraza teaches receiving a load indication from a base station indicative of a reverse link load; (the base stations and mobile terminals can exchange information about the reverse link including information on load. This allows the mobile terminal to determination the rate at which it will transmit based upon the available power headroom. Therefore, the load indication which changes the data rate, affects the headroom which the rate is dependent upon, Para 13-15, Abs, 18-19, 40)

Corazza does not teach adjusting the power headroom threshold to the mobile station based on the load indication.

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Sintonen teaches adjusting a power headroom level based upon interference against a signal received at the mobile station. The interference that a mobile would experience is tied into the amount of load that is occurring over a link. The higher the load the higher the interference from the other mobile stations on the same link.

Therefore the amount of interference which can be based off the load indication that is sent from the base station will have a direct effect on the power headroom of the mobile station. Sintonen teaches maintaining a certain power headroom, in this case maintaining a threshold of the power headroom so there is a constant value associated to the headroom. Therefore the load indication will change the power headroom threshold so a certain headroom can be maintained.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Corazza to include the teaching of Sintonen. One of ordinary skill in the art using known methods could combine the prior art elements to yield predictable results of a power headroom threshold being changed based upon a load indication of a link that mobile station is communicating on to overcome the effect of interference on a signal.

In regard to Claims 4, 7 and 17-18, Corazza teaches receiving load indication from a base station comprises receiving a periodic load indication. (*It is inherent in order to maintain congestion control, periodic load reports must be used to keep a constant control over the loading on the reverse link. Para 13-15*)

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In regard to Claim 15, Corazza teaching wherein the power headroom threshold limits the data transmission rate of the mobile station. (*The data rate is based upon the available power headroom, Para 13-15*)

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4. Claims 2,3, and 16 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corazza (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0133409) in view of Sintonen (U.S. Pub. No.

2003/0142768) in further view of Gopalakrishnann et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0110101)

In regard to Claims 2,3 and 16, the combination does not teach using an upper layer message on a common control channel.

Gopalakrishnann teaches using upper layer messages passed to the mobile on a appropriate common control channel. (Para 68)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the combination to include the teachings of Gopalakrishnann in order to allow for the most efficient messaging depending upon how fast and periodically the code space is changing.

5. Claims 8, 9 and 19-20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corazza (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0133409) in view of Sintonen (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0142768) in view of Lakkakorpi (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0179704)

In regard to Claim 8-9 and 19-20, the combination does not disclose calculating a weighted average of two or more load indications.

Lakkakorpi teaches the link load is determined by an exponential averaging equation with configurable weighting. Fig 5 shows the overview of the equation used over a window set of any size.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the combination to include the teachings of Lakkakorpi in order to provide a more reliable measurement of the load on which to base changes getting a wider margin of measurements rather than a single measurement which could be a reading where a power spike or fallout occurs giving a false reading.

6. Claims 24 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corazza (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0133409) in view of Sintonen (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0142768)in view of Raaf (U.S. Pub. No. 204/0029604)

In regard to method Claim 24 and corresponding apparatus Claim 25, Corazza teaches receiving a load indication from a base station indicative of a reverse link load; and adjusting the power headroom of the mobile station based on the load indication. (the base stations and mobile terminals can exchange information about the reverse link including information on load. This allows the mobile terminal to determination the rate at which it will transmit based upon the available power headroom. Therefore, the load indication which changes the data rate, affects the headroom which the rate is dependent upon, Para 13-15, Abs, 18-19, 40)

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Corazza does not teach adjusting the power headroom threshold to the mobile station based on the load indication.

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Sintonen teaches adjusting a power headroom level based upon interference against a signal received at the mobile station. The interference that a mobile would experience is tied into the amount of load that is occurring over a link. The higher the load the higher the interference from the other mobile stations on the same link.

Therefore the amount of interference which can be based off the load indication that is sent from the base station will have a direct effect on the power headroom of the mobile station. Sintonen teaches maintaining a certain power headroom, in this case maintaining a threshold of the power headroom so there is a constant value associated to the headroom. Therefore the load indication will change the power headroom threshold so a certain headroom can be maintained.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Corazza to include the teaching of Sintonen. One of ordinary skill in the art using known methods could combine the prior art elements to yield predictable results of a power headroom threshold being changed based upon a load indication of a link that mobile station is communicating on to overcome the effect of interference on a signal.

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The combination does not teach counting the number of times the mobile station is power limited for retransmission of a frame.

Raaf teaches providing for the number of retransmissions of the preamble with the maximum permissible power to be counted by a counter in step 212. (Para 45)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the combination to include the teachings of Raaf in order to allow for a more efficient method for changing the headroom by allowing for multiple readings of the power at a maximum before changing the headroom to allow enough power for further retransmissions.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 5-6, 10-13 and 21-23 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ERIC ELCENKO whose telephone number is (571)272-8066. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 AM through 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alexander Eisen can be reached on (571) 272-7687. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ee

/Alexander Eisen/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617